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# G. S. College of Commerce \& Economics, Nagpur 

An Autonomous Institution
(Affiliated to Rashtrasant Tukadoji Maharaj Nagpur University)
First Semester Master of Business Administration Examination (CBCS)
FUNDAMENTALS OF FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING
(MBC 1.3)
Time: 3 Hours
Maximum Marks: 80

## N.B.: All questions are compulsory.

Q. 1 Answer the following question in about 150-200 words:
A) Define Accounting. Explain its importance and objectives.
B) Prepare bank reconciliation statement:
i. Balance as per Pass Book ₹ $53,970 /-$
ii. Bank wrongly credited ₹ $17,070 /$ - in our account.
iii. Bank paid ₹ $6,000 /$-electricity bill as per standing instruction not recorded in CB.
iv. Payment side of Bank Column of Cash Book was under cost by ₹ 350 .
v. Interest credited by bank ₹ $1,000 /-$
vi. Cheque of ₹ $23,000 /$ - deposited in Bank but not yet paid by bank.
vii. Cheques issued but not presented for payment ₹ $40,000 /-$
Q. 2 A) Chaitanya Co. Ltd. issued 25,000 shares of ₹ 100 each, payable as follows:

On Application ₹ 25
On Allotment ₹ 30
On First Call ₹ 25
On Final Call ₹ 20
All the shares were subscribed by public. Manan to whom 500 shares were allotted failed to pay the final call and Nayan to whom 300 shares were allotted failed to pay both the calls. All these shares were forfeited by the company. All the forfeited shares were reissued to public at a discount of ₹ 10 per share.
Pass Journal Entries to record the above transactions.

## OR

B) Mansi Ltd. issued 100000 shares of ₹ 25 each payable as follows:

On Application ₹ 6
On Allotment ₹ 9
On First Call ₹ 6
On Final Call ₹ 4
Applications were received for 125000 shares. Directors have decided to reject 5000 shares and made pro-rata allotment to balance shares. Kanan to whom 350 shares were
alloted failed to pay both the calls. Her shares were forfeited after final call. All the forfeited shares were reissued at ₹ 22 per share to Karishma.
Pass journal entries to record the above transactions.
Q. 3 A) Activa Ltd. was incorporated with a Nominal capital of ₹ 20,00,000 divided into 20000 equity shares of $₹ 100$ each. The following ledger balances have been extracted from their books as on $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2019.

| Particulars | ₹ | Particulars | ₹ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Share Capital (fully called - up equity shares of ₹ 100 each) | 15,00,000 | Bills payables Bills receivables | 14,000 6,800 |
| Outstanding salary | 7,000 | Plant and equipments | 5,70,000 |
| Land | 4,80,000 | Interest accrued on investments | 6,000 |
| Trademarks | 35,000 | Debenture redemption reserve | 1,40,000 |
| Investment allowance reserve | 25,000 | Provision for gratuity | 13,000 |
| Trade payable | 75,000 | Vehicles | 1,00,000 |
| Fixed deposits (Cr.) | 1,00,000 | Security deposits (Dr.) | 80,000 |
| Provision for taxation | 30,000 | Trade receivables | 2,86,000 |
| Current investment in share | 0,000 | 6\% debentures | 3,00,000 |
| Long term loans from Central | ) | Goodwill | 75,000 |
| Govt. | 90,000 | Bank balance with current |  |
| Cash on hand | 5,700 | account | 27,000 |
| Deposits with custom authorities | 3,200 | Other income received in |  |
| Calls in arrears | 12,000 | advance | 3,000 |
| Proposed dividends 5 | 29,000 | Development rebate reserve | 1,20,000 |
| Buildings | 3,20,000 | Unclaimed dividends | 6,000 |
| Cash - Credit and overdraft from |  | Profit and loss $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$ (surplus) | 70,000 |
| Bank (Short term) | 20,000 | Furniture \& fixture | 1,30,000 |
| Investment in Trust Securities | 3,40,000 | Loan to director | 5,900 |
| Insurance carried forward | 3,10 | Preliminary exp | 5,000 |
| Capital work-in-progress | 54,000 | Demand deposits from Bank | 45,000 |
| Stock in trade | 43,000 |  |  |
| Margin money | 7,300 |  |  |
| Share premium | 25,000 |  |  |
| Stores \& spares | 7,000 |  |  |

Additional information:
a) The long term loan taken from Central Government is secured by a charge on Plant and Equipment.
b) $6 \%$ Debentures have been issued by creating a floating charge on the assets of the company.
You are required to prepare a Balance Sheet as at $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2019 as per revised schedule III to the Companies Act.

OR
B) The following ledger balances have been extracted from the books of Bokaro Ltd. as at $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2019.

| Particulars | $₹$ | Particulars | $₹$ |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Share transfer fees received | 1,650 | Wages to shop floor supervisor | 6,300 |
| Opening revenues |  | Sales Dept rent | 5,300 |
| (Miscellaneous) | 40,300 | Sales return | 11,000 |
| Raw material purchased | $1,42,430$ | Motive power | 7,400 |
| Bank Interest (Cr.) | 4,000 | Carriage on purchase | 12,880 |
| Administrative salaries | 39,400 | Repairs to factory building | 9,100 |
| Purchase of stock- in-trade | 1,680 | Insurance | 3,600 |
| Contribution to PF | $1,, 000$ | Interest on investment | 15,400 |
| Sales :- Cash | $1,17,300$ | Rates \& taxes | 4,200 |
| Credit | $5,23,700$ | Staff welfare expenses | 10,000 |
| Diwali Bonus to employees | 9,600 | Interest on debenture | 11,100 |
| Interest on Bank O/d | 7,900 | Commission earned | 1,050 |
| Discount from suppliers | 300 | Office on cost | 1,600 |
| Other borrowing costs | 2,100 | Directors fees | 7,700 |
| Depreciation on vehicles | 6,000 | Interest received on fixed deposits | 5,600 |
| Excise duty - sale of product | 20,300 | Miscellaneous expenses | 6,720 |
| Consumption of stores and spares | 2,800 | Returns to suppliers | 4,690 |
|  |  | Dividend on shares | 5,000 |

Prepare a statement of profit \& loss for the year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2019 in vertical form as prescribed under schedule III to the companies Act, 2013 after taking into consideration the following additional information:
a) The stock position of different types of inventories were as under:

| Types of Inventories | As on 31 $1^{\text {st }}$ March 2018 | As on 31 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ March 2019 |
| :---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1. | Raw materials | 20,690 |
| 2. | Finished goods | 19,730 |
| 3. | Work-in-progress |  |
| 4. | Stock in trade | 13,910 |
| 1,310 |  |  |

b) Depreciation on Plant \& equipment (Book value ₹ $5,00,000$ written down value ₹ $3,00,000$ ) to be provided @ $8 \%$ as per diminishing balance method.
c) Income-tax to be provided @ $50 \%$ of profits.
Q. 4 A) The following is the balance sheet of Aqua Fast Ltd. as on $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2018.

| Particulars | Note No. | $₹$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I. Equity \& liabilities: |  |  |
| 1. Shareholders fund |  |  |
| a) Share capital |  | $6,00,000$ |
| b) Reserve \& surplus |  | $4,00,000$ |
| 2. Noncurrent liabilities |  |  |
| $\quad$ Long term borrowing | 1 | $7,00,000$ |
| 3. Current liabilities |  | $1,60,000$ |


| b) Other current liabilities <br> c) Short term provisions | 2 | $\begin{array}{r} 10,000 \\ 1,30,000 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total |  | 20,00,000 |
| II Assets: |  |  |
| 1. Noncurrent Assets |  | 13,00,000 |
| 2. Current Assets: |  |  |
| a) Inventory |  | 3,00,000 |
| b) Trade receivables |  | 2,00,000 |
| c) Cash \& cash equivalents | 4 | 2,00,000 |
| Total |  | 20,00,000 |

Note:

1. Long term borrowings:
$12 \%$ debentures $\quad 7,00,000$
2. Other current liabilities:

Outstanding expenses

3. Short term provisions:

Tax provisions
1,30,000
4. Cash \& cash equivalents:

Bank
$\begin{array}{r}50,000 \\ 1,50,000 \\ \hline 2,00,000 \\ \hline\end{array}$
Additional information:
a) Net Revenue from operations (sales)
b) Cost of revenue from operations (COGS)
₹ $25,80,000$
c) Operating expenses
₹ 2,20,000
You are required to calculate:

1) Gross profit ratio
2) Net profit ratio
3) Operating ratio
4) Current ratio
5) Liquid ratio

6) Debt equity ratio
7) Inventory turnover ratio (on closing inventory)
8) Total assets to debt ratio

## OR

B) The directors of AB Co. Ltd. ask you to ascertain:
a. Proprietors fund
b. Fixed Assets
c. Debtors
d. Creditors
e. Closing stock
f. Share capital
g. Opening stock
h. Purchases

Given:

1. Inventory turnover $=6$ times
2. Average collection period $=2$ months
3. Average payment period $=73$ days
4. Ratio of cost of goods sold to proprietors fund $=2: 1$
5. Ratio of cost of goods sold to fixed assets $=4: 1$
6. Gross profit ratio $=20 \%$
7. Closing stock is greater than opening stock by ₹ $10,000 /-$
8. Reserve \& surplus $=₹ 40,000 /-$
9. Gross profit $=₹ 1,20,000 /-$
Q. 5 A) From the following balance sheets and additional information given, prepare fund flow statement.

| Liabilities | 2018 | 2019 | Assets | 2018 | 2019 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Share capital | $1,00,000$ | $1,50,000$ | Land \& Building | $1,00,000$ | 95,000 |
| General reserve | 30,000 | 30,000 | Plant \& Machinery | 80,000 | 90,000 |
| Profit \& loss A/c | 20,000 | 22,000 | Stocks | 70,000 | $1,10,000$ |
| $6 \%$ debentures | 80,000 | 80,000 | Debtors | 20,000 | 25,000 |
| Creditors | 65,000 | 58,000 | Investments | - | 10,000 |
| Provision for tax | 5,000 | 10,000 | Cash | 10,000 | 10,000 |
|  |  |  | Goodwill |  | 20,000 |
|  |  | $3,00,000$ | $3,50,000$ |  | 10,000 |

Additional information:
a. During 2019, dividends of ₹ 15,000 were paid.
b. Depreciation written off on Plant \& Machinery amounted to ₹ 6,000 and no depreciation has been charged on Land \& Building.
c. Provision for tax made during the year ₹ 5,000 .

## OR

B) Following are the Balance sheets of Universal Co. Ltd. as on 31/3/2016 \& 31/3/2017.

Prepare cash Flow statement.

| Particulars | $\square$ | Note | 31/3/2017 | 31/3/2016 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Equity \& liabilities |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Shareholders fund: |  |  |  |  |
| a) Share capital |  |  | 4,50,000 | 4,50,000 |
| b) Reserve \& Surplus |  | 1 | 4,78,000 | 3,56,000 |
| 2. Non - current liabilities |  |  |  |  |
| Long term Borrowings |  | 2 | 1,70,000 | - |
| 3. Current liabilities: |  |  |  |  |
| a. Trade payable |  |  | 1,09,000 | 2,03,000 |
| b. Short term provisions |  | 3 | 35,000 | 40,000 |
|  |  |  | 12,42,000 | 10,49,000 |
| Assets |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Non-current assets |  |  |  |  |
| a. Tangible assets |  | 4 | 3,20,000 | 4,00,000 |
| b. Intangible assets |  | 5 | 60,000 | 50,000 |


| 2. Current assets |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| a. Current investment |  | 70,000 | 78,000 |
| b. Inventory | $1,70,000$ | $2,15,000$ |  |
| c. Trade receivable |  | $4,55,000$ | $2,10,000$ |
| d. Cash \& Bank |  | $1,67,000$ | 96,000 |
|  |  | $12,42,000$ | $10,49,000$ |

Notes:

|  | 2017 | 2016 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Reserve \& Surplus |  |  |
| Retained earnings | 4,78,000 | 3,56,000 |
| 2. Long term borrowings |  |  |
| Mortgage loan | 1,70,000 |  |
| 3. Short term provisions |  |  |
| Provision for tax | 35,000 | 40,000 |
| 4. Tangible assets |  |  |
| Land | 1,40,000 | 2,50,000 |
| Plant \& machinery | 1,80,000 | 1,50,000 |
|  | 3,20,000 | 4,00,000 |
| Intangible assets |  |  |
| Good | 60,000 | C 50,000 |

Additional information:

1. Depreciate machinery @ $10 \%$ on last year's balance.
2. Provision for income tax to be provided for 2016-17 was ₹ 32,000 .
Q. 6 Answer the following question in about 150-200 words:
A) Explain in detail the advantages and dis-advantages of Computerized Accounting Software.

OR
B) Explain in brief the features of pre-packaged Accounting Software - Tally.
Q. 7 Answer the following questions in about 75-100 words. (Any Five)
A) Explain the importance of accounting.
B) Explain the process of forfeiture of shares.
C) Distinguish between Public company \& Private Company.
D) What do you mean by cash from operation?
E) Explain Du Pont chart.
F) Explain the merits of pre -packaged software.

