Semester - I

Strategic Management (MCM 1.1)			
Teaching Hours: 4	Total Credits: 4	Total Marks: 70+30 =100	Group: Major Core

Objectives:

- 1. To provide students with an idea of the concept of strategy and understand the basic concepts and principles of strategic management.
- 2. To analyze the internal and external environment of business.
- 3. To help them for strategy formulation and strategy implementation.
- 4. To analyze corporate strategies for achieving strong presence in the global context.

Learning Outcome:

- 1. Help in understanding and exposing to various perspectives and concepts in the field of Strategic Management.
- 2. Help develop skills for applying these concepts to the solution of business problems through environmental analysis.
- 3. Develop and prepare organizational strategies that will be effective for the current business environment.
- 4. Devise strategic approaches to managing a business successfully in a global context.

Unit	Content			
I	Introduction to Strategic Management: Introduction, Definition, Characteristics, Importance and			
	elements- Strategic Management, Strategic Management Process, Difference between Policy,			
	Strategy and Tactics, Organizational Objectives- hierarchy of objectives, Setting of objectives, Process			
	of setting objectives, SWOT analysis.			
Ш	Environment Analysis: Definition, Characteristics and importance of a Vision and Mission statement,			
	External environment of a firm- Definition and Components, Internal environment of a firm- Definition			
	and Components. Environmental Scanning-Definition and process of environmental scanning of a firm,			
	Synergy- Types and benefits of synergy.			
Ш	Strategy Formulation and Implementation: Portfolio approach and analysis- Definition,			
	Characteristics, advantages and disadvantages, BCG Matrix, GE matrix, Strategic Business Units-			
	Concept, Nature, Merits and demerits, Strategy Implementation- meaning and definition, nature,			
	process, strategic leadership, functions of strategic leader, power and politics, bases of power.			
IV	Types of Strategies: Corporate Strategy- types- Stability, expansion, retrenchment and combination			
	strategy- merits and demerits; Growth Strategies expansion strategies- Integration and			
	diversification- types of integration and diversification; defensive strategies- turnaround strategies,			
	divestment, bankruptcy, liquidation- types, global strategy- types, New market entry strategies.			

- 1. Business Environment for Strategic Management, Dr. Aswathappa, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 2. **Business Policy and Strategic Management,** Subbarao, HPH.
- 3. Strategic Management an Integrated Approach, Charles W.L Hill and Gareth R. Jones, Cengage Learning
- 4. Business Policy and Strategic Management, Azhar Kazmi, Tata McGraw Hill
- 5. **Strategic Management and Business Policy,** C. Appa Rao, Excel Books.
- 6. Business Policy and Strategic Planning and Management, Ghosh P.K., Tata McGraw Hill.
- 7. Strategic Management, Pillai, Jaico Pub.
- 8. Business Policy and Strategic Management, Lawerence, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 9. Business Policy and Strategic Management, Sathyashekar: I.K International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.

Semester - I

Securities Analysis and Portfolio Management (MCM 1.2)			
Teaching Hours: 4	Total Credits: 4	Total Marks: 70+30 =100	Group: Major Core

Objective:

- 1. To provide the students a comprehensive introduction to the area of securities analysis and Portfolio Management.
- 2. To provide students a comprehensive introduction to the areas of security analysis and portfolio management.
- 3. To equipStudentswithadvancedtoolsandtechniquesformakingprofitableinvestmentdecisions.
- 4. To familiarize students with the Contemporary concepts and methods involved in Portfolio and Risk Management.

Learning Outcome:

- 1. Students will be able to understand valuation of Securities.
- 2. Students will know and able to analysis the equity & technical Analysis of company.
- 3. Students will understand the Risk & return analysis and Portfolio Management.
- 4. Students will know about CAPM and APT.

	State in the way of the state o		
Unit	Content		
ı	Valuation of Securities: Bond Valuation Types of Bonds - Dated Securities and Zero-Coupon Bonds;		
	Strips, Valuation of bonds; Yield, Current Yield, YTM, Yield to Call.		
	Shares valuation – Features of equity, valuation of shares asset backing method, EPS method,		
	Market value, yield based methods, Fair value of shares, Dividend discount models – with constant		
	dividend, with constant growth, multi stage growth models, P/E based valuation.		
II	Equity analysis: Concept, process, Economy analysis, sector analysis, company analysis, Industry		
	Analysis, Fundamental Analysis.		
	Technical analysis: Dow Theory, EMH, Random walk Hypothesis, Indian Markets and Efficiency		
	Charts – Line Charts, Bar Charts, Japanese Candle stick Chart.		
Ш	Portfolio Management: Meaning of Portfolio, Selection and Evaluation, Portfolio risk and return,		
	Concept of efficient frontier & optimum portfolio. Portfolio Analysis- Reasons to hold Portfolio.		
	Risk Measurement: Standard Deviation- Meaning of Beta- Use of beta in estimating returns. Risk &		
	return- Meaning Definition and Types (Systematic risk & Unsystematic risk)		
IV	Capital Asset Pricing Model (CAPM): Efficient frontier with a combination of risky and risk-free		
	assets. Assumptions of single period classical CAPM model. Characteristic line, Capital Market Line,		
	Security market Line. Evaluation of securities- Present validity of CAPM. Arbitrage Pricing Theory		
	(APT), APT- Model and equation.		

- 1. Securities Analysis & Portfolio Management, Fischer D.E. & Jorden R. J., Pearson Education.
- 2. **Investment Analysis and Portfolio Management**, Frank K Reilly & Keith C Brown, Cenage India Pvt Ltd.
- 3. Financial Management, Ravi Kishore, Taxmann's, New Delhi.
- 4. PortfolioManagement, Devin S., Prentice Hall
- 5. **Security Analysis and Portfolio Management,** P. Chapter havathyPandian,VikasPublishing HousePvt. Ltd.

Semester - I

Startup and Venture Capital Management (MCM 1.3)				
Teaching Hours: 4	Total Credits: 4	Total Marks: 70+30 =100	Group: Major Core	

Objective:

- 1. To understandthe concepts of Startup and roles of various parties involved
- 2. To analyze the opportunities and explain role of Government into promoting Start-Ups
- 3. To learn various concepts of Venture Capital
- 4. To know the working mechanism of the Venture Capital Financing

Learning Outcome:

- 1. Explain the definition of Startup and identify the roles of Startups, Entrepreneurs and Government
- 2. List the pillars of Startups and elaborate various schemes of Govt.
- 3. Describe the working mechanism of Venture Capital
- 4. List the challenges faced by Venture Investors and discuss the legal framework for Venture Financing

	List the challenges raced by venture investors and discuss the legal framework for venture rindheling
Unit	Content
I	Introduction to Startups:
	Definition, Need, Scope& Objectives of Startups; Evolution and Growth of Startups in India; Role of
	entrepreneurs in Creating Startups; Role of Startups in Indian Economy; Various stages of building a
	Startup; Introduction to Investors, Incubators and Mentors
II	Opportunities in Startup:
	An overview of Startup Industry in India; Objectives & Three pillars of Start-up India Campaign; A brief
	introduction to Various Schemes and Policies of Startup India; Registration Process for Startup India
	schemes; Overview of Startup India Investor Connect Portal; Concept of Startup Ecosystem
Ш	Introduction to Venture Capital:
	Meaning, Characteristics Need of Venture Capital; Advantages and Disadvantages of Venture Capital
	Investment; Difference between Venture Capital and Private Equity; Types of Venture Capital; Stages
	of Venture Capital Financing; Exit Strategies; Structure of Venture Capital funds in India
IV	Venture Financing:
	Venture Capital Management Companies; Sources of Funds; Various Funding Agencies; Challenges
	faced by venture capital investors; Franchising – Meaning, Opportunities and challenges; Legal
	Framework of Venture Capital Investment in India – SEBI Guidelines for Venture Capital.

- 1. Starting, Developing and Managing a New Enterprise, Hishrich., Peters, Entrepreneurship: Irwin
- 2. Launching New Ventures: An Entrepreneurial Approach, Allen, K.R., CengageLearning, Ramachandran, K., Entrepreneurship Development, Tata McGraw Hill, India.
- 3. **Venture Capital and Indian Economy**: Funding Guide Start-Up to Scale-Up, Dr. P. C. Gupta, Scriptor Publication
- 4. Banking and Financial Services, Dr. Mukund Sharma, Himalaya Publishing House

Semester - I

Retail Management (MCM 1.4.1)			
Teaching Hours: 4	Total Credits: 4	Total Marks: 70+30 =100	Group: Major Elective

Objective:

- 1. To understand the ways of building blocks of a winning sales force and enduring in retail environment.
- 2. To understand the framework to diagnose and address retail sales issues in the new marketing environment.
- 3. To learn how to design the company specific module for the betterment of retailers.
- 4. To familiarize students with how new retailing channels impact sales force structure, size and deployment and channel partner decisions.

Learning Outcome:

- 1. Familiarize the students with the management and dynamics of retail trade.
- 2. Understanding of the retail history and its function that modern retail formats apply.
- 3. Buying process, retail market strategy and target market.
- 4. Understand the growth strategy of retailing.
- 5. Choose retail location and its evaluation, also Inventory management, Warehousing, Logistics in Supply Chain Management.

,	Chain Management.
Unit	Content
I	Introduction to Retailing: Definition – functions of retailing - types of retailing–forms of retailing based
	on ownership. Economic Significance, Opportunities in Retailing, Retail Management Decision
	Process. Retail theories – Wheel of Retailing – Retail life cycle.
	Types of Retailers: Food Retailers, General Merchandise Retailers, Non-Store Retail Formats, Services
	Retailing, Types of Ownership.
II	Retailing in India: Evolution of Retail in India, Drivers of Retail Change and Challenges to Retail
	Development in India. Retailing from the International perspective
	Retail Planning Process – Factors to consider – Preparing a complete business plan – implementation
	- risk analysis. Choice of Store location - Influencing Factors, Market area analysis - Trade area
	analysis - Rating Plan method - Site evaluation. Retail Operations - Inventory management -
	Merchandise Management – Category Management.
Ш	Managing The Store: Store Management Responsibilities, Recruiting & Selecting Store Employees,
	Socialising & Training New Store Employees Motivating, Managing & Evaluating Store Employees.
	Store Layout, Design & Visual Merchandising: Objectives of Good Store Design, Store Layout. Space
	Planning and Merchandise Presentation Techniques. Atmospherics.
IV	Customer Service: Strategic Advantages through Customer Service, Customer Evaluation of Service
	Quality, GAPS Model for Improving Retail Service Quality.
	Application of IT to Retailing: Growing Role of IT in Retailing, IT for Competitive Advantage, Data
	Mining, Database Marketing, Business Intelligence.
	International Retailing: International Retail Structures, Multi Chain Integration.

- 1. **Retail Management A Strategic Approach**: Barry Bermans and Joel Evans, 8th edition, PHI Private Limited, New Delhi, 2002.
- 2. **Retail Management**: Suja Nair: HPH.
- 3. The Art of Retailing: A.J. Lamba, 1st edition, Tata McGrawHill, New Delhi, 2003.
- 4. Retailing Management: Swapna Pradhan, 2/e, 2007 & 2008, TMH
- 5. Retail Management: K. Venkatramana, SHBP.
- 6. Retail Marketing: A. Siva Kumar; Excel Books.

- 7. **Integrated Retail Management James**: R. Ogden & Denise T. Ogden, , Biztantra Cengage Learning, 2007.
- 8. Retail Managemen: R.S. Tiwari: HPH



Semester - I

Hospitality Management (MCM 1.4.2)			
Teaching Hours: 4	Total Credits: 4	Total Marks: 70+30 =100	Group: Major Elective

Objective:

- 1. To develop an understanding of various operations, importance of the hospitality business, and the functions of management in running it.
- 2. To enable students to describe and explain professional skills required in hospitality.

Learning Outcome:

- 1. Students will come to know the basic concept of hospitality Management.
- 2. Students will get equipped with the knowledge of hospitality management and the services offered.
- 3. It will enable candidates to distinguish between different departments and to explain basic functions.
- 4. Students will learn to identify the emerging trends in hospitality establishments.

7. 3	students will learn to identify the emerging trends in hospitality establishments.		
Unit	Content		
I	Introduction to Hospitality Management:		
	Meaning and Definitions of Hospitality, Hospitality and its origin, Importance of Hospitality, The		
	Environment & Objectives of Hospitality Industry, Soft Skills in Hospitality, Hospitality Based English:		
	Meeting and greeting phrases used in operational areas (patience, respect, tolerance); Information		
	Technology in Hospitality Management, Five major segments: Food, Lodging, Travel, Tourism and		
	Recreation		
II	Departmental Structure: Administrative and Human Resources, Accounting and Finance Control,		
	maintenance, front desk operations, guest services, housekeeping, linen and uniforms, kitchen and its		
	operations, food service operations, the services in accommodation, stewarding, Customer care in		
	Hospitality Industry, Minor operating departments : banquet functions, conference and catering		
	services management, outdoor catering and mobile catering, parking operation, business or meeting		
	rooms, and in-room entertainment		
III	Hospitality Industry: Characteristics of Hospitality Industry, 9 major components of hospitality		
	industry: Travel, Lodging, Food and Beverage, Recreations, Entertainment, Health and Sports,		
	Tourism: Relationship Between the Hospitality Industry and Tourism, Art and Culture and Event		
	Management, Challenges for Hospitality Industry		
IV	Trends In Hospitality Sector: Low-cost airlines, inexpensive lodging, serviced apartments, technology,		
	and loyalty travel trends in the hospitality industry, Future of the tourism industry, Career		
	Opportunities in the Hospitality Sector Eco-friendly procedures in the hotel industry, Emerging Trends		
	in Hospitality Sector. Relevant Case Studies from Hospitality Sector.		

- 1. Roy C. Wood "Hospitality Management: A Brief Introduction" Sage Publication, April 2015
- 2. John Walker Introduction to Hospitality Management 5th Edition
- 3. Clayton W. Barrows Tom Powers, Dennis R. Reynolds, "Introduction to the Hospitality
- 4. Industry" 8th Edition
- 5. Rocco M. Angelo, Hospitality Today: An Introduction, 8th Edition
- 6. Gajanan Shirke, "Hospitality Management" Publisher: Shroff ISBN: 9789350233887, 9350233886 Edition: 2011

Name of Course: M.Com. (Major in Accountancy & Business Regulations)

Semester – I

		Research Metho	odology (MCM 1.5)				
To	Teaching Hours: 4 Total Credits: 4 Total Marks: Group: Research						
Teaching Hours. 4		70+30 =100	Methodology				
Objec	tive: This programr	ne aims at providing the u	nderstanding of business r	research and the methods of			
busine	ess research. The pr	ogramme will impart learn	ing about how to collect, a	nalyze, present and interpret			
data.							
	ing Outcome:						
i)		e able to learn about funda					
ii)	Students will b	e able to learn how to writ	e and present a good Resea	arch Report.			
Unit			Content				
I		esearch Methodology:					
	Meaning of Research, Definition of Research, meaning of research methodology, Qualities of good						
	research, features and objectives of research, Types of Research, Research Process, problems in						
	•	Scope and Importance of R	esearch in Commerce.				
II	Review of literature and Research Design:						
	Meaning of literature review, purpose of literature review in research, steps in writing a literature review.						
	Characteristics of research design, Types of RD; sources of research problem, Selection of a problem						
	for Research, Framing of Hypothesis, Sample design, Sampling techniques, Survey-planning a survey.						
Ш	Data Collection:						
	Primary data and	secondary data- meaning	, Methods of Data Collect	ion; Sources of data; Use of			
	primary and sec	ondar <mark>y d</mark> ata; Methods o	f collecting primary data	a – Observation-Interviews,			
	Questionnaires an	d Sch <mark>edules- its advantage</mark> :	s and limitations				
IV	-	nd Report Writing:	3 10				
	Editing; Classificat	ion and Tabulation; benefit	s of tabulation, Analysis of	Data and Interpretation			
	Report Writing: Q	ualities of a Good Report, L	ayout of the Research Repo	ort, References, Bibliography,			
	citations, styles of	citations; Plagiarism- UGC	rules on plagiarism				
Books	Recommended:		130				

- 1. Research Methodology: Ranjit Kumar; Pearsons
- 2. **Research Methodology:** Methods and Techniques, C. R. Kothari, New Age International Publishers 2015

Semester - II

Advanced Strategic Management (MCM 2.1)			
Toaching Hours: 1	Total Credits: 4	Total Marks:	Group: Major Coro
Teaching Hours: 4	Total credits. 4	70+30 =100	Group: Major Core

Objective:

- 1. To familiarize students with contemporary theories, approaches, frameworks, and tools needed to develop and execute strategic decisions.
- 2. To position strategy and strategic management as the quest for value creation for relevant stakeholders that reaches beyond financial gains and short-term profits.
- 3. To analyze the competitive environment.
- 4. To understand emerging trends in strategic management.

Learning Outcome:

- 1. Understand new forms of Strategic Management concepts, develop analytical skills to provide strategic solutions and their use in business
- 2. Acquaint with new business models and strategies for the Economy
- 3. Understand the concepts and elements of competitive advantage as well as of core competency are outlined and applied.
- 4. Acquaint with recent developments and trends in the business corporate world.

Unit	Content		
ı	Strategic Management & Planning - Major dimensions of strategic Management, Levels of Strategies,		
	Components of Strategy Statement-Strategic Intent, Mission Statement, vision statement, Goals &		
	Objectives, Benefits of Vision and Mission, Strategic Planning, Strategic Planning Stages,		
	Characteristics of Strategic Planning, Strategic Decision Making-Characteristics/Features of Strategic		
	Decisions.		
Ш	Models of strategic management and Competition Strategies - Dynamics of Competitive strategy,		
	Models in Strategic Management: 1) PEST analysis 2) Porter's five forces 3) Four corner's analysis 4)		
	Value chain analysis 5) Red Ocean Vs Blue Ocean Strategy 6) VRIO Framework, 7) McKinsey 7S of		
	Strategy		
Ш	Competitive Advantage and Core competency - Definition, Types of Competitive Advantages,		
	Competitive Intelligence-Definition, Objectives & Process. Core competency – Definition, theory,		
	Competence based Strategy. Knowledge, Knowledge and Resource based Approach, Technology		
	Competence- Features, Key Differences Between Competitive Advantage and core competence.		
IV	Emerging Trends in Strategic Management – Management of Strategic Change, Types of strategic		
	change, Barriers of strategic change, Strategic Social Audit, Objectives of social audit, Advantages of		
	social audit, Environmental Auditing- Objectives, advantages, Start-up Business Strategies and Make		
	in India Model - Challenges, Case Studies based on Successful Start-ups, Contribution of Make in India		
	Policy in overcoming industrial sickness.		

- 1. Business Environment for Strategic Management, Dr. Aswathappa, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 2. Business Policy and Strategic Management, Subbarao, HPH.
- 3. Strategic Management an Integrated Approach, Charles W.L Hill and Gareth R. Jones, Cengage Learning
- 4. Business Policy and Strategic Management, Azhar Kazmi, Tata McGraw Hill
- 5. **Strategic Management and Business Policy,** C. Appa Rao, Excel Books.
- 6. Business Policy and Strategic Planning and Management, Ghosh P.K., Tata McGraw Hill.
- 7. Strategic Management, Pillai, Jaico Pub.
- 8. Business Policy and Strategic Management, Lawerence, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 9. Business Policy and Strategic Management, Sathyashekar: I.K International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- 10.Business Policy & Strategic Management, Kazmi Azhar, Tata McGraw Hill

- 11. Business Policy, Strategy, Planning and Management, P.K.Ghosh, Sultan Chand
- 12. Business Policy and Strategic Management Lawrence, R. Jauch McGraw Hill
- 13. Business Policy Strategy Formation, and Management Action, William F.G, McGraw Hill
- 14. Strategic Management, Text and Cases , Thomas Jacob Pearson Edition



Semester - II

Risk Management (MCM 2.2)			
Teaching Hours: 4	Total Credits: 4	Total Marks: 70+30 =100	Group: Major Core

Objective:

- 1. To understand a thorough understanding of the concept of risk.
- 2. To identify and assess risks, understanding the sources of risks within an organization.
- 3. To understand the concept of risk management and its importance in organizations.
- 4. To evaluate the risks associated with corporate governance and understand the framework for board-level consideration of risks.

Learning Outcome:

- 1. Acquire deep knowledge and understanding of the concept of risk. They will be familiar with different types of risks.
- 2. Develop the skills to identify and assess risks within an organization. They will be able to recognize and analyze the sources of risks and use various methodologies to quantify and evaluate risks effectively.
- 3. Apply risk management techniques to real-world scenarios and make informed decisions to minimize potential risks and to learn how to develop risk management techniques and implement measures to mitigate and manage risks.
- 4. Comprehend the risks associated with corporate governance, enterprise and manage operational risks in day-to-day business operations.

Unit	Content				
I	Introduction to Risk Management: Introduction, Meaning, Definition of Risk Management, Benefits				
	of Risk Management, Impact of risk on organizations, Risk and Uncertainty: Distinction, Risk				
	Assessment, Dynamic Nature of Risks, Types of Risk- Strategic and Operational Risks, Business Risk,				
	Financial Risk, Information Risk, Liquidity Risk, Classification of Business Risk-: Internal and External,				
	Controllable and Non-controllable, Inherent Risk and Residual Risk.				
II	Source and Evaluation of Risks: Identification and Sources of Risk, Quantification of Risk and various				
	methodologies, Identify and assess the impact upon the stakeholder involved in Business Risk, Role of				
	Risk Manager and Risk Committee in identifying Risk.				
	Credit Risk Measurement and Management: Meaning of credit risk, component of credit risk,				
	measurement of credit risk in banking transactions and factors affecting the credit risk, types of credit				
	facilities, evaluating credit risk, Mitigating Credit risk, Qualitative and Quantitative techniques to				
	manage risk.				
Ш	Risk Management: Concept of Risk Management, Objective and Process of Risk Management,				
	Importance of Risk Management, Risk Management techniques				
	Evaluation of Risk Management Strategies: Risk Management Strategy alignment with Business-				
	Strategy, Internal Control environment and linkages with Risk Management, Risk Culture and attitudes				
	to risk management.				
IV	Risk Associated with Corporate Governance: Evaluation of Risk Associated with Governance,				
	Description and evaluation of framework for Board level consideration of risk, OECD Guidelines for				
	Corporate Governance.				
	Enterprise Risk Management: Definition, Scope and Techniques				
	Operational Risk Management: Definition, Scope and Techniques				

- 1. Enterprise Risk Management: Concepts and Cases, Sim Segal
- 2. Risk Management: A Strategic Approach by Ranjan Kumar Bal
- 3. Risk Management: Concepts and Applications by SubbaRao
- 4. Enterprise Risk Management: A Common Framework for the Entire Organization by R. Kannan and S. Sundararajan

- 5. **Principles of Risk Management and Insurance** by George E. Rejda and Michael McNamara.
- 6. Risk Management and Financial Institutions by John C. Hull and Alan White.
- 7. Enterprise Risk Management: From Incentives to Controls by James Lam.
- 8. **Risk Management: Concepts and Guidance** by Carl L. Pritchard.



Semester - II

International Trade Management (MCM 2.3)				
Teaching Hours: 4	Total Credits: 4	Total Marks: 70+30 =100	Group: Major Core	

Objective:

- 1. To learn the Concepts and Principles of International Trade.
- 2. To analyze the factors affecting International Trade.
- 3. To learn the various sources of International Finance.
- 4. To know the role of Global Trade Organizations.

Learning Outcome:

- 1. Demonstrate the Principles of International Trade.
- 2. Evaluate the impact of various factors of International Trade on the business.
- 3. List the various sources of international finance.
- 4. Discuss the role of various international trade institutions.

Unit	Content					
ı	Introduction to International Business: Introduction to International Business, salient features,					
	importance and advantages of international trade.					
	International Business Environment: Introduction and meaning of Economic Environment, Political					
	Environment, Demographic environment, Legal environment & Technological environment					
Ш	International Trade: Trade Barriers					
	International Trade Theories- David Ricardo's- 'Theory of Comparative Cost Advantage', Adam Smith-					
	'Theory of International Trade;					
	Foreign Investment: Introduction, Objectives, Importance, Types of foreign investments;					
Ш	Balance of Payment: Importance and Components					
	International Financial Management: Introduction, Components of International Financial					
	Management, Scope of International Financial Management;					
	Global Sourcing: Introduction, advantages and disadvantages, Reasons for global sourcing					
IV	Global Institutions: Objectives and functions of - World Bank, International Monetary Fund (IMF) and					
	World trade organization (WTO);					
	Ethics in International Business: Introduction, Business Ethics Factors, International Business and					
	Ethics;					
	Ease of Doing Business in India: Govt. of India initiatives for FDI, India's Atmanirbhar Abhiyan- Self-					
	Reliance initiative					

- 1. International Business, Francis Cherunilam; Prentice Hall of India.
- 2. International Business, Shukla, Excel Books.
- 3. International Business Environment, Francis Cherunilam, HPH.
- 4. Elements of International Business, S. N. Charry, Biztrantra.
- 5. **International Business**; Harrison Et Al; Oxford.
- 6. International Business, Daneils Et Al; Pearson.
- 7. International Management, Hodgetts and Luthans; Mcgraw-Hill

Semester - II

Service Sector Management (MCM 2.4.1)				
Teaching Hours: 4	Total Credits: 4	Total Marks: 70+30 =100	Group: Major Electives	

Objective:

- 1. To provide students with a comprehensive understanding of the service sector Management
- 2. To explain the importance of services in the economy
- 3. To understand the IT industry and its significance in the modern economy.
- 4. To understand the importance of efficient service delivery channels and logistics.

Learning Outcome: Students will be able to -

- 1. Apply this knowledge of service sector management in the contemporary business environment.
- 2. Recognize the significance of the service sector in the economy, including its contribution to employment, GDP, and overall economic growth.
- 3. Gain the knowledge of the IT industry, its scope, and its impact on various sectors of the economy.
- 4. Identify and analyze the challenges specific to the distribution of services, and the importance of understanding customer needs and expectations in service delivery

Unit	Content
ı	Service Sector Management – An Overview: Services – Meaning, Features, Classification of Services,
	Significance of Service Sector, Reasons for Growth in Service Sector in India;
	Service Organization – Importance of Layout and Design of Service Organizations; Developing Service
	Culture in Organization.
II	Emergence of the Services Economy: Importance of Services in Indian Economy; India's Services
	Sector; Importance, Opportunities & Challenges of Some Major Services: Accounting and Auditing
	Services, R&D Services, Consultancy Services, Construction Services, Social Services, Telecom, Posts,
	Real Estate Services, BPO, KPO
III	IT and ITES Sector: Overview of IT industry, Role of ITeS, Innovations in IT; Challenges and Opportunity
	in ITeS sector; Banking and Insurance sector: Importance, Challenges and opportunities in Banking and
	Insurance Sector.
IV	Distribution, Planning and Managing Service Delivery: Challenges in distribution of services;
	Advertising and Sales promotion in service industry; Relationship Marketing; Understanding
	customer's needs and Expectations; Monitoring & measuring customer satisfaction; Concept of
	Service Quality; Service Delivery Mechanism; Emerging Concepts like Online Services, After Sale
	Services.

- 1. Service Sector Management, Sanjay Patankar, Himalaya Publishing House
- 2. Managing Services, Christopher H. Lovelock, Prentice Hall Publications
- 3. Total Quality Management: JE Ross,
- 4. Total Quality Management: DH Besterfield, CB Michna: Prentice Hall
- 5. Services Marketing; Ravi Shankar, St. Lucie Press, 2004
- 6. Services Marketing; S M Jha; Himalaya Publishing House.
- 7. Strategic Services Management; Boyle, Elsevier
- 8. Services Marketing and Management: Balaji, A.H. wheeler publications

Name of Course: M.Com. (Major in Management) Semester – II

Performance & Compensation Management (MCM 2.4.2)			
Teaching Hours: 4	Total Credits: 4	Total Marks: 70+30 =100	Group: Major Electives

Objective:

- 1. To develop an understanding of practices followed in performance management.
- 2. To devise technical approach to managing the compensation front for the specific company/industry. Design the company specific module for the betterment of employee and in turn the organization.
- 3. To understand the significance of linking the right performance to appropriate rewards and compensation system.
- 4. To familiarize students with the independent performance management functions in organizations.

Learning Outcome: Students will be able to -

- 1. Learn Theory, Concept & Good practices in the area of PMS.
- 2. Design an organization's performance management process that is compliant with law and supports organizational mission and strategy.
- 3. Employ job-related performance standards and performance indicators that reflect the employee's range of responsibilities.
- 4. Assess how increased employee involvement can contribute to effective performance and coach employees to identify career paths and resources available to support individual development.
- 5. Identify and communicate appropriate actions with employees (e.g. training and development, wage increase, promotion, bonus etc.) based on their performance.

'	ncrease, promotion, bonus etc.) based on their performance.				
Unit	Content				
1	Performance Appraisal and Performance Appraisal System – Concept and definition of Performance				
	appraisal; Benefits of performance appraisal; Evolution of performance appraisal; Planning				
	performance appraisal system; types of performance appraisal; approaches to performance appraisal;				
	Sources of performance appraisal.				
II	Performance Planning with Goal Setting: Performance Planning, Linking individual & team goals to				
	organizational goals. Performance analysis- Objectives, factors influencing performance analysis, key				
	result areas, performance areas, key performance indicators. Goals Setting (SMART Goals) – Quality				
	of Goals, IDP's – Career Development, PRED Discussions: The Art of giving Feedback, Performance				
	Ratings- BELL CURVE, Some Latest Case study on "Removing the Forced Rating System (Bell Curve) -				
	Creating a performance management culture through HR programs and practices.				
Ш	Performance Measurement: Performance Appraisal- Meaning, Methods & approaches, Difference				
	between New and Traditional methods- appraisal. Modern methods of performance appraisal, 360-				
	degree appraisal, BARS, Self-appraisal, assessment centers, Performance reviews, Coaching &				
	Counseling, Performance Management in manufacturing, Services and IT sector, Strategies for				
	improving performance, balanced score card, HR Score Card.				
IV	Compensation: Concepts & principles of compensation, Influencing factors, Current trends, methods				
	of payment, compensation mechanisms, Wage & Salary administration- concept, wage structure,				
	policies, determinants, incentive payment system, Welfare management. Career Management –				
	Career Development Plan – Employee's and Employer's Role, Career Anchors, Nature of Careers,				
	Career Problems – Low ceiling Careers, Career Mapping, Career Counselling, Succession Planning				

- 1. Human Resource Management: Snell / Bohlander Publication Thomson
- 2. **Compensation:** Milkovich & Neman, 8th edition. Publication McGraw –Hill
- 3. Human Resource Management: Gary Dessler Publication Thomson
- 4. Accounting Practices in HRM: M. Kolay
- 5. **Managing Human Resources**: Monappa Publication Macmillan
- 6. **Performance Management** by Paul Newton & H. Bristoll
- 7. Competency at Work- by Spencer & Spencer
- 8. The Balanced Scorecard by Robert S. Kaplan and David P. Norton

Semester - III

Advanced Financial Management (MCM 3.1)				
Teaching Hours: 60	Total Credits: 4	Total Marks: 70+30 = 100	Group: Major Core	

Objective:

- 1. To understand the various sources of capital, such as debt, equity, and retained earnings, and how they contribute to the overall financial structure of a company.
- 2. To calculate the cost of each source of capital, including the cost of debt and the cost of equity, and understand how these costs influence investment decisions.
- 3. To comprehend different dividend policies, including stable dividend, residual dividend, and hybrid dividend policies, and their impact on shareholder wealth and firm value.
- 4. To outline techniques for evaluating and selecting investment projects and applying these techniques.

Learning Outcomes: After learning this course, students will be able to –

- 1. **Determine** the impact of debt equity mix on value of firm and compare the various theories of capital structure.
- 2. **Evaluate** specific cost of capital for various sources of finance.

Disadvantages of Capital Budgeting.

- 3. **Compute** the value of a stock using different dividend discount models and dividend's importance in company's valuation.
- 4. Classify the capital budgeting projects and make investment decisions

Unit	Content			
ı	Structure of Capital			
	Theory: Introduction to Finance, Introduction to business finance, function of finance, scope,			
	organization, Goals & objectives of fin <mark>ancial</mark> management Financial Sources-SHORT TERM:			
	Commercial paper & trade credit & bills discounting (Features & Utility).LONG TERM: shares,			
	debentures, term loans, lease &hire purchase, retained earnings, public deposits, bonds (Types,			
	features & utility). Capital structure of Automobile industry companies viz. Bajaj Auto and Mahindra			
	& Mahindra.			
	Practical Problems: Problems of Capital Structure.			
II	Cost of capital			
	Theory: Concept, meaning, principles & significance of cost of capital. Concept of Equity Trading,			
	Capital gearing & leveraging, Cost of different sources of finance, Weighted average cost of capital.			
	Practical Problem: Calculation of Cost of Equity Capital, Cost of Preference Share Capital, Cost of			
	Debenture& Cost of Retained Earnings)			
	Calculate cost of Capital of Any Nifty 50 Company.			
III	Dividend policies:			
	Theory: Meaning of Dividend, Types of Dividends, Determinants and constraints of dividend decision,			
	importance of dividend policies, relevance and irrelevance concept. Dividend valuation models —			
	Gordon Model, Walter Model and Modigliani-Miller Model. Stability of dividends concept and			
	significance.			
	Practical Problem: Practical Problems of Dividend policies by Gordon, Walter and Modigliani-Miller models.			
	Analyzing latest dividend policy of any NIFTY 50 company.			
	Practical Problem: Practical Problems of Dividend policies by Gordon model, Walter model and			
	Modigliani-Miller model.			
IV	Capital budgeting:			
'	Theory: Meaning of capital budgeting, Nature and significance, techniques of capital budgeting – Pay			
	Back Method, Accounting rate of return, Net Present Value, and profitability index. Advantages and			
	back withing, Accounting rate of return, wet rresent value, and promability much. Advantages and			

Practical Problems: Problems of Capital Budgeting by Pay Back Method, Accounting rate of return, Net Present Value and profitability index.

- 1. Financial Management, Theory Concepts and Problems, R.P. Rustagi, Taxmann Publication
- 2. **Financial Management,** M. Y. Khan & P. K. Jain, McGraw Hill Publications
- 3. **Financial Management,** Ravi Kishore, Taxmann's.
- 4. **Financial Management,** S. M. Inamdar, Everest Publishing house, 12th Edition2004.
- 5. Financial Management, Sharma & Gupta, Kalyani Publishers.
- 6. **Financial Management,** R.M. Srivastav, Kalyani Publishers.
- 7. Financial Accounting for Management, P. Shah-Pub, by Oxford



Semester - III

Customer Relationship Management (MCM 3.2)					
Teaching Hours: 60	Total Credits: 4	Total Marks: 70+30 = 100	Group: Major Core		

Objective:

- 1. To provide students with a comprehensive understanding of the concept, challenges, opportunities, and importance of CRM.
- 2. To familiarize students with various CRM practices, customer value creation, satisfaction, retention strategies, and digital campaigns.
- 3. To equip students with knowledge of CRM strategies for value addition, customer loyalty creation, and customer awareness.
- 4. To update students on the latest trends and developments in CRM, including eCRM, digitization, and the role of IT.

Learning Outcomes: After learning this course, students will be able to –

- 1. **Explain** the meaning, process, and functions of CRM and identify its key components, challenges, and opportunities.
- 2. **Illustrate** CRM practices, including customer value creation, satisfaction, and retention strategies, and identify and analyze the issues and challenges in CRM implementation.
- 3. **Elaborate** on various CRM strategies such as value addition, rewards, and customer loyalty programs, and analyze their effectiveness through real-time examples.
- 4. **Explain** the characteristics of eCRM, the role of CRM in digitization and globalization, and the use of software, mobile apps, and relationship managers in contemporary CRM practices.

	, 11,
Unit	Content
ı	Unit – I Introduction: Meaning & Importance of Custmer Relationship Management, of CRM,; CRM -
	Objectives, Features, Functions, Process, Challenges, opportunities and key components of CRM;
	Relationship management as a tool for business development
Ш	Unit – II CRM Practices: Customer Value – earning & Creation, Types of value Creation, Customer
	Satisfaction, Customer retention - importance and its strategies; CRM as a core competency;
	competitive advantage of CRM; Digital campaigns in CRM; Issues and challenges in CRM
Ш	Unit – III Strategies in CRM: Meaning & importance of CRM strategy; Strategies - Value addition,
	Rewards, Creation of loyal customers and Customer loyalty; Customer Buying Behavior, Customer
	Awareness and Education; Customer Club Membership Programs (by Apple, Harley Davidson),
	Customer Loyalty Programs real-time examples
IV	Unit – Latest Trends in CRM: eCRM and use of IT, Characteristics of eCRM; Value creation through
	CRM; Role of CRM in the world of digitization and globalization; Software and Mobile Apps used in
	CRM; Relationship Managers and their role.

- 1. Marketing Management by Arun Kumar, Rachana Sharma, Atlantic Publishers & Distributors New Delhi
- 2. Marketing Management by Ranjan Saxena, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Publishers, New Delhi
- 3. **Customer Relationship Management: Emerging Concepts, Tools, and Applications** by Jagdish Sheth, Atul Paratiyar, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Publication Company, New Delhi
- 4. Customer Relationship Management by R.K Sungadhi, New Age International Publishers
- 5. **Customer Relationship Management: A Strategic Approach** by Lakshman Jha, Global India Publications Pvt Ltd., New Delhi
- 6. **Marketing Management** by Philip Kotler, Prentice Hall India, 11th Edition

Semester - III

Entrepreneurship Development and Management (MCM 3.3)				
Teaching Hours: 60	Total Credits: 4	Total Marks: 70+30 = 100	Group: Major Core	

Objective:

- 1. To understand the concept of the entrepreneurship and examine the key resources required to explore innovative Business idea.
- 2. To analyze various aspects needed in Business Plan and to identify the entrepreneurial government schemes in India.
- 3. To explore entrepreneurial finance and to identity the entrepreneurial opportunities in various sectors.
- 4. To evaluate the social responsibilities of business.

Learning Outcomes: After learning this course, students will be able to –

- 1. **Understand** the fundamentals of entrepreneurship and would explore business idea.
- 2. **Apply** the concept of various government schemes related to entrepreneurship in India.
- 3. **Analyze** the entrepreneurial opportunities in various sector.

4. E	valuate the social responsibilities and ethics of business.
Unit	Content
1	 Entrepreneurship Development Perspective: Entrepreneurship – Concept, Factors affecting growth of Entrepreneurship, Types of Entrepreneurs, Barriers to Entrepreneurship, Creativity and Innovation, Relationship of entrepreneurship with the Economic Development, Business Idea – Business Idea Generation Process, Evaluation of Business Idea. Entrepreneurial Culture – Elements of Entrepreneurial culture, Steps to change Entrepreneurial Culture. Theories of Entrepreneurship – Schumpeter Dynamic Entrepreneurship Innovation Theory, Theory
	of High Achievement by <mark>M</mark> cClelland, Theory of Personnel Resourcefulness
=	 Business Plan: Building, Writing, Kinds Business Plan, ED Cycle, Financial Considerations (Cash Flow Management, Financial Plan, Business Plan). Incentives: Backward area benefits, Schemes for educated unemployed, Types of Assistance and incentives—financial incentives, Fiscal incentives, Promotional, Marketing, and Organizational. Concepts of Business, Incubation and Business Clusters. Institutions in aid of Entrepreneurship Development: The National institute for Entrepreneurship and small business development, District Industry Centre (DIC), National Alliance of young Entrepreneurs.
III	 Mobilizing Resources and Entrepreneurship in India: Mobilizing Resources: Buying a business: Scrutiny, Valuation, Negotiation, Franchising, Debt Finance, Venture Capital, Business Models: Components & Types. Entrepreneurship in India: Family Business, e-Business, Small-Scale Sector in India, Entrepreneurship & Industry, Ancillary Opportunities indifferent Economic Sectors: Agro Industries, Logistics, BPO, Banking and Finance.

IV Business Growth:

• Business Growth: Stages of Growth, Growth Strategies, Social Responsibility: CSR, Role of Government CSR, Business benefits of CSR, Social Entrepreneur: Motivations of a Social Entrepreneur, Evaluating Social.

Books Recommended:

Text Book:

1. Entrepreneurship, Rajiv Roy, Oxford Publication

References Books:

- 1. Entrepreneurship 6 th edition. Robert D Hisrich, Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 2. Kuratko- Entrepreneurship A Contemporary Approach, (Thomson Learning Books)
- 3. Small-Scale Industries and Entrepreneurship. Desai, Vasant (2003). Himalaya Publishing House, Delhi.
- 4. 4. Chary Business Gurus speaks (Macmillan) 5. S.S. Khanka Entrepreneurial Development (S. Chand & Co.)



Semester - III

Leadership and Managerial Trainings (MCM 3.4.1)					
Teaching Hours: 60	Total Credits: 4	Total Marks: 70+30 = 100	Group: Major Electives		

Objective:

- 1. To develop an understanding about leadership roles and styles and examines the leader's role in the organization.
- 2. To illustrate various theories of Leadership from the corporate world.
- 3. To contrast various important perspectives of Leadership for enhancing Domain Knowledge, Critical thinking, Problem Solving and Innovative Solutions, Leadership and Teamwork.
- 4. To summarize the working of leadership in organizations & compare the differences.

Learning Outcomes: After learning this course, students will be able to -

- 1. Understand and gain Conceptual knowledge of Leadership.
- 2. **Demonstrate** an understanding of the current leadership theories and how they apply to modern organizations.
- 3. Analyze the impact of effective leadership perspectives on organizational performance
- 4. **Develop** abilities to lead teams through efficient leadership. Also compare cultural differences.

Content			
Introduction to Leadership			
Theory – Roles, functions, and characteristics of a leader; evolution and growth of leadership;			
Leadership traits and ethics; Attitude, Behaviour, Personality traits and leadership; Types and Styles			
of leadership. Leadership and Management, Leader vs Manager, Essential qualities of an effective			
leader.			
Theories of Leadership			
Theory – Trait theory, Behavioral theory, Contingency Theory. Issues and Challenges for Leaders:			
Emerging trends in leadership; Servant leadership, Situational leadership; Gender and leadership;			
Effective Leadership Communication; Emotional intelligence and leadership.			
Important Perspective in Leadership-			
Theory – Types of Leaders, Leadership styles- Traditional, Transactional, Transformational,			
Inspirational and servant leadership, Emotional Intelligence and leadership, Trust as a factor, Gender			
and Leadership, Leadership Styles of Indian Manager, Women & leadership.			
Summary of National Business Leaders (anyone) – Ratan Tata or Adi Godrej or Kumar Mangalam Birla			
or Dhirubhai Ambani or Narayan Murthi or Aziz Premji, etc.			
Leadership in Organizations:			
Theory – Transformational and Charismatic Leadership, Leadership of Ethics, Diversity and culture,			
Change Management and Strategic Leadership, Leadership in Learning Organization and Crisis			
Leadership			

- 1. Organisational Behaviour: M. Parikh and R. Gupta , Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited
- 2. Organisational Behavior: D. Nelson, J.C Quick and P. Khandelwal, Cengage Publication.
- 3. Effective Leadership: Achua, Lussier, Cengage Publications
- 4. Leadership and Management: A. Chandramohan, Himalaya Publishing House
- 5. Leadership in Organisation: Gary Yukl, Pearson Education
- 6. **Team Building & Leadership:** Bhargava & Bhargava, Himalaya Publishing House
- 7. Team Building & Leadership: Dr. D.K.Tripathi, Himalaya Publishing House
- 8. Leadership & Management Development; Developing Tomorrow's Manager: Kevin Dalton, Pearson Education

Semester - III

Industrial Human Resource Management (MCM 3.4.2)					
Teaching Hours: 60	Total Credits: 4	Total Marks: 70+30 = 100	Group: Major Electives		

Objective:

- 1. To acquaint students with the techniques and principles to manage human resource of an organization.
- 2. To demonstrate an understanding of the basic concepts of Human Resource Management.
- 3. To develops an understanding of various functions of Human Resource Management.
- 4. To summarize the various legal aspects in the HR Domain.

Learning Outcomes: After learning this course, students will be able to -

- 1. **Explain** the fundamentals of managing Human Resources in an organization.
- 2. **Outline** the strategic significance of recruitment and selection in attracting, identifying, and hiring top talent to meet organizational objectives and enhance competitive advantage.
- 3. **Understand** the strategic significance of performance and potential appraisal in managing and developing talent within organizations.
- 4. **Infer** various functions that the HR performs for the welfare of employees in order to maximize their productivity.

Unit	Content				
I	Human Resource Management- Introduction: Concept of Labor and Human Resource; Definition,				
	Nature, Scope, Importance, Evolution of the concept of HRM, Personnel Management vs. Human				
	Resource Management, Role of personnel manager- administrative roles and operational roles,				
	Qualities and Qualifications of a Personnel Manager, Future of HRM- Influencing factors, Functions of				
	a human resource manager, Workforce diversity in India and its issues, Managing diversity; Challenges				
	of Human Resources in India.				
II	Human Resource Planning & Acquisition: Job Analysis: - Process, Competency approach, methods to				
	collect job analysis data, Job description, job specification, Role analysis, Human Resource Planning-				
	Objectives, importance, Process, Recruitment- Introduction, constraints and challenges, sources of				
	recruitment, methods of recruitment, Indian experiences, purpose, process, selection tests,				
	Achievements tests, interviews- types of interviews Selection - Interview process, mistakes in				
	interviews; Current Trends in recruitment, effects of Covid pandemic on human resource				
	management.				
111	Performance and Potential Appraisal: Performance appraisal; Definition, objectives, importance,				
	process, methods- traditional and modern, Characteristics of an effective appraisal process, Pitfalls of				
	Performance Appraisal system, Performance appraisal practices in India, Performance management				
	meaning, concepts and challenges in Performance management				
IV	Employee welfare, Grievances and Industrial disputes: Employee Welfare- agencies for welfare				
	work, types of welfare facilities, Health and safety- legal provisions regarding health, Employee				
	assistance programmers, employee safety, Effective safety management in the factory, Employee				
	grievances and discipline- Model grievance procedure, approaches to discipline, Vishaka Judgement-				
	harassment at workplace and redressal mechanism Industrial disputes- forms, causes, Preventive				
	machinery, settlement machinery, conciliation, Voluntary arbitration.				

- 1. A Textbook of Human Resource Management, C. B. Mamoria & S. V. Gankar. Himalaya Publishing House
- 2. **Personnel and human Resource management,** Text & cases, P Subba Rao, Himalaya Publishing House
- 3. Human resource Management, P. Jyothi, Publication, Oxford University Press.
- 4. **Human Resource Management,** R. Wayne Mondy, Robert M, Noe, Pearson Education, Ninth Edition
- 5. **Human Resource and Personnel Management** -Text and cases, K. Ashwathappa, Publication, TATA Mc-Graw Hill Publications

Semester - IV

Project Planning Management (MCM 4.1)					
Teaching Hours: 60	Total Credits: 4	Total Marks: 70+30 = 100	Group: Major Core		

Objective:

- 1. To develop an understanding of project management plan and its process.
- 2. To understand organizational structures in project management and its integration with WBS.
- 3. To measure the issues related to project teams and strategize for it.
- 4. To analyse the project closure techniques.

Learning Outcomes: After learning this course, students will be able to -

- 1. **Understand** the concept of the Project Management & its essentials.
- 2. **Analyze** various costs and constraints associated with projects.
- 3. **Develop** Organization Structure in Project with WBS and develop strong project team.
- 4. **Evaluate** the risks connected with the Project and project closure techniques.

Unit	Content
ı	Introduction to Project Management
	Characteristics & objectives of project, Importance of project, Project life cycle, Project Management
	Process, Various constraints of project, Need for Project Portfolio Management
II	Project Organization Structure & Project Definition
	Various organization structures used in Project – advantages and disadvantages, Project scope, Project
	priorities, WBS, Integrating WBS with organization, Project communication plan
Ш	Estimating Project Time, cost & Risk Management
	Factors influencing quality estimates, Top-down & Bottom-up method of estimating, various costs
	associated with project, Risk management process
	Case study on risk management
IV	Project Performance Evaluation & Closure
	Structure of Project Monitoring Information System, Project Control process, Monitoring Time
	performance, Earned Value System, Types of Project Closure
	Case study on Project performance evaluation & closure

- 1. Project Management, Clifford F. Gray, Erik W. Larson, McGraw Hill
- 2. Project Management, Jeffrey Pinto, Pearson
- 3. Project Management, Rory Burke, Wiley India
- 4. Project Management, S Chowdhary, McGraw Hill
- **5. Project Management,** V C Sontakki, Himalaya Publishing House
- 6. Project Management, Arun Kanda, PHI

Semester - IV

Purchase and Material Management (MCM 4.2)					
Teaching Hours: 60	Total Credits: 4	Total Marks: 70+30 = 100	Group: Major Core		

Objective:

- 1. To understand the basic concepts of purchasing and supply chain management.
- 2. To develop an understanding of stores management and create vendor development.
- 3. To understand the materials management functions and familiarize with various inventory costs.
- 4. To understand the Japanese contribution to the world class quality manufacturing.

Learning Outcomes: After learning this course, students will be able to -

- 1. Understand the essentials of purchasing and material management and implement it in business.
- 2. Analyse parameters to choose vendors.
- 3. **Create** material budget and plan for materials management.
- 4. **Examine** the various Japanese concepts to improve quality work and apply in business.

Unit	Content
ı	Basics of Purchasing Management: Functions of purchasing department, objectives of purchasing,
	Fundamentals and importance of purchasing, Purchase parameters, purchase cycle, purchasing
	methods and techniques, purchasing systems, purchasing methods
	Supply Chain Management: Meaning, objectives, Importance of Supply Chain Management.
II	Stores Management: Obj <mark>ectives, functions of stores management, location of stores, centralized vs decentralized storing, types of stores layout, stock verification.</mark>
	Vendor development: Parameters to choose a vendor, vendor evaluation, vendor rating – parameters,
	objectives, advantages.
	Numerical on vendor rating
Ш	Materials Management: Meaning, Scope and Importance and challenges of Materials Management,
	MRP - Concept, advantages and disadvantages, concept of materials budgeting, inventory costs, basic
	EOQ model.
	Numerical on basic inventory costs and EOQ model
IV	Latest concepts: Japanese contribution to world class quality manufacturing like single piece flow, JIT,
	KANBAN, SMED, CAD, CAM, KAIZEN, POKA YOKE, Quality circle, Pareto diagrams, cause and effect, Six
	sigma, 5-S practice, Right First Time, Zero Defects

- 1. Materials Management: An Integrated Approach" by Gopalakrishnan P., Rama M. D., and Sundaresan M. (Pearson Education India)
- 2. Operations Management: K Shridhara Bhat, Himalaya Publishing House
- 3. Operations Management: Nair TMH
- **4. Introduction to Materials Management:** 8e Stephen Chapman, Arnold J. R. Tony, Gatewood Ann K., M. Clive Lloyd Pearson Publication

Semester - IV

International Business Environment Management (MCM 4.3)				
Teaching Hours: 60	Total Credits: 4	Total Marks: 70+30 = 100	Group: Major Core	

Objective:

- 1. To evaluate and discuss the various theoretical framework of International Business Environment.
- 2. To understand the concepts of international market entry strategy and theory in global scenario.
- 3. To provide knowledge about exchange rate management and foreign trade of India.
- 4. To make student aware about International business Cooperation and Management.

Learning Outcomes: After learning this course, students will be able to -

- 1. **Remember** to the contemporary issues in global business and various International Institutions regulating the same.
- 2. **Understand** the knowledge regarding various global perspectives, global challenges and opportunities encountered by the international business.
- 3. **Evaluate** International cooperation movement and Management.
- 4. **Analyze** the functioning & working of international business environment.

Unit	Content				
I	Theoretical Framework of International Business Environment:				
•	a. Meaning, Relevance, Nature, Dimensions, Types and Importance of International Business.				
	b. Economic Environment of Business.				
	c. Demographic, Social, Political and Legal Environment of Business.				
	d. The importance of innovation as a dimension in international business. The impact of artificial				
	intelligence in international trade.				
П	Global Trade Scenario Overview:				
	a. Trading Blocs, (EU, NAFTA etc.).				
	b. Trade Agreements, Trade & Tariff Barriers, Specific & Ad valoram,				
	c. GATT &UNCTAD, Impact of Globalization.				
	Foreign Market entry Theories:				
	a. Factor Endowment Theory, Comparative Cost Theory.				
	b. Opportunity Cost Theory, Theory of Absolute Advantage.				
Ш	Foreign Trade of India :				
	a. Direction, Flow and Trends of Foreign Trade, Exim Policy.				
	b. Institutional Support for Foreign Trade – DGFT, Exim Bank, ECGC.				
	c. Export Promotion Councils, EPZ, EOU, SEZ etc.				
	Exchange Rate Management :				
	a. Basic Concepts – Balance of Trade, Balance of Payments.				
	b. Exchange Rate Theories (Purchasing Power Parity), Working of Foreign Exchange Markets.				
	c. Determination Of Rate Of Exchange, Role Of RBI, Introduction To FEMA.				
IV	International Economic Cooperation and Management				
	a. European Union, SAARC & ASEAN				
	b. International Economic Institutions- IMF, World Bank, World Trade Organisation-Objectives				
	and functions. Has WTO become defunct?				
	c. International Trade and Investment Theories-Comparative Cost Theory; Factor Endowment				
	Theory; Location Specific Advantage Theory				
	d. Concept of Protectionism: Tariff Barriers; Non-Tariff Barriers. India's Atmanirbhar Abhiyan:				
	Self-reliance or Protectionism?				

- 1. International Business Environment, Francis Cherunilam, HPH.
- 2. International Business Environment, Sundaram & Black, Prentice Hall Of India.

- 3. International Business Environment, S. Mohan, Kunal Books, 2011.
- 4. International Business Environment, Francis Cherunilam, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 5. **Elements of International Business**, S.N. Charry, Biztrantra.
- 6. Global Business Management, M. Adhikary, Macmillan Publishers



Semester - IV

Social Marketing Management (MCM 4.4.1)				
Teaching Hours: 60	Total Credits: 4	Total Marks: 70+30 = 100	Group: Major Electives	

Objective:

Books Recommended:

- 1. To provide a comprehensive understanding of social marketing concepts and develop critical thinking and problem-solving abilities.
- 2. To identify societal challenges and equip students with the knowledge and skills necessary for analyzing social issues.
- 3. To designing effective marketing strategies and interventions through with various communication channel and tool.
- 4. To assess the significance of Monitoring & Evaluation in social marketing to assess program effectiveness, track progress, and inform decision-making.

Learning Outcomes: After learning this course, students will be able to –

- 1. **Understand** the theoretical foundations of social marketing, develop practical skills in conducting social marketing research and critically evaluate existing social marketing campaigns and interventions.
- 2. **Apply** segmentation techniques and develop skills in targeting strategies and understand the importance of effective positioning strategies.
- 3. **Create** comprehensive social marketing campaigns and apply knowledge of social media marketing strategies to enhance campaign reach, engagement, and interaction with target audiences.
- 4. **Evaluate** and differentiate between process, impact, and outcome evaluation methods used in social marketing and apply appropriate evaluation techniques to assess different stages and levels of program effectiveness and success.

е	riectiveness and success.				
Unit	Content				
ı	Unit I: Introduction to Social Marketing Management				
	Definition and scope of social marketing management, Overview of social marketing concepts and				
	principles, Role of social marketing management in addressing societal issues, Contrasting				
	marketing with commercial marketing, Ethics in Social Marketing.				
	Social Marketing Process: The social marketing process: analysis, planning, implementation, and				
	evaluation, Analysis of campaign strategies.				
Ш	Unit II: Strategic Planning in Social Marketing Management:				
	Social Marketing Research and Analysis: Segmentation, targeting, and positioning strategies,				
	Analysing social marketing campaigns and interventions.				
	Positioning and Branding: Positioning strategies for social marketing interventions, Branding in social				
	marketing, creating memorable and impactful campaigns, Leveraging storytelling and emotional				
	appeals.				
Ш	Unit III: Implementation and Communication Strategies:				
	Designing and Implementing Social Marketing Campaigns, Social marketing mix: product, price,				
	place, and promotion.				
	Communication Channels and Tools: Traditional and digital media. Social media marketing in social				
	marketing campaigns. Community Engagement and Participation: Building partnerships and				
	collaborations with community organizations.				
IV	Unit IV: Evaluation and Sustainability				
	Monitoring and Evaluation: Importance of monitoring and evaluation in social marketing, Types of				
	evaluation: process, impact, and outcome evaluation.				
	Sustainability and Scaling Up: Promoting sustainability in social marketing interventions, Strategies for				

scaling up successful campaigns, Challenges and opportunities in sustaining behavior change.

1. Social Marketing: An Approach to Planned Social Change by Sameer Deshpande and Jagdish N. Sheth.

- 2. **Social Marketing: Concepts, Research and Theories** by P.R. Bhuyan
- 3. Social Marketing: The Indian Experience by Nusrath Ameen and Mohsin M. Tamboli
- 4. Social Marketing and Public Health: Theory and Practice by Ruchi Jaggi and Madhuri M. G. Nair
- 5. Social Marketing: A Casebook by R. Srinivasan and S. Prabhakar



Semester - IV

Green Marketing Management (MCM 4.4.2)				
Teaching Hours: 60	Total Credits: 4	Total Marks: 70+30 = 100	Group: Major Electives	

Objective:

- 1. To define sustainability, its dimensions & importance of green marketing.
- 2. To develop and illustrate Green Marketing Mix & Green Marketing Campaigns.
- 3. To explain the SDGs and apply the principles of consumer information.
- 4. To analyze the latest trends and real-time cases of Green marketing.

Learning Outcomes: After learning this course, students will be able to -

- 1. Gain the knowledge of sustainability elements and concept of green marketing.
- 2. **Study** the green marketing mix and green marketing strategies.
- 3. **Analyze** the role of green marketing at broader level and study ITC guidelines.
- 4. **Discover** the challenges and opportunities of green marketing.

т. Б	4. Discover the chanenges and opportunities of green marketing.		
Unit	Content		
I	Unit - I Introduction: Concept & dimensions of Sustainability; Triple Bottom Line; Significance and		
	need for sustainable development.		
	Green marketing – History, Concept, Definition, Phases, Elements, importance; Golden Rules of Green		
	Marketing; Green Marketing, Environmental Marketing and Sustainable Marketing; Practical –		
	Identify, collect and discuss the green marketing messages on various products		
II	Unit - II Green Marketing Management: Green Marketing Mix, Green Products, Green Branding,		
	Perception of Stakeholders, Green Consumerism &, Green Consumer Segments; Impact of Green		
	Marketing on consumer buying behavior and Brand Image; Green Marketing Strategies, Green		
	marketing Campaigns, Practical – Design a Green Marketing Campaign for a product		
Ш	Unit – III Role of Green Marketing: Intro to SDGs, Role in Sustainable Development and in United		
	Nations SDGs 12, 13 and 15, UN Environment and ITC's (International Trade Center) Guidelines for		
	Providing Product Sustainability Information – Fundamental & Aspirations Principles, Practical –		
	Design a product communication using these principles		
IV	Unit – IV Latest trends in Green marketing: Green Marketing and CSR, Ethical issues, Challenges &		
	opportunities; Concept and cases of Green Washing, Laws related to Green Marketing, Green initiative		
	by major companies in India, Careers in Green Marketing; Future trends and Case Studies		

- 1. The New Rules of Green Marketing: Strategies, Tools, and Inspiration for Sustainable Branding" by Jacquelyn A. Ottman, Berrett-Koehler Publishers.
- 2. **Green Marketing and Sustainable Development"** by Amit Kumar Sing and Priyanka Mahanta, Mittal Publications, January 2021.
- 3. **Green Marketing: Concepts, Literatures and Examples"** by P. Ravi and M. Meera, Evincepub Publishing, August 2021.
- 4. Green Marketing The New Age Marketing" by Minakshi Tyagi, Notion Press, January 2022.
- 5. **Green Marketing Concept & Cases"** by Dr. Sapna Sugandha, Mr. Chandan Veer, Prof. (Dr.) Pavnesh Kumar.